

Welcome to CCT490!

Understanding Open Source Software Production

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University of Toronto
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What is “Open Source Software”?

Let's look at the Open Source Definition!

“The distribution terms of open-source software must comply with the following criteria”

▼ The Open Source Definition

○ Annotated

▷ Open Source Licenses

▷ Open Standards

○ Open Source Education

▷ Mailing lists

▷ Getting Help

○ Donate to the

○ Terms of Service

○ OSI Board

email

○ Site Admin

annotations can be found [here](#).

Introduction

Open source doesn't just mean access to the source code. The distribution terms of open-source software must comply with the following criteria:

1. Free Redistribution

GPL v BSD

giving away the software as a
lining programs from several
or other fee for such sale.

redistribution, we eliminate the
er to make a few short-term

sales dollars. If we didn't do this, there would be lots of pressure for cooperators to defect.

1. Free Redistribution

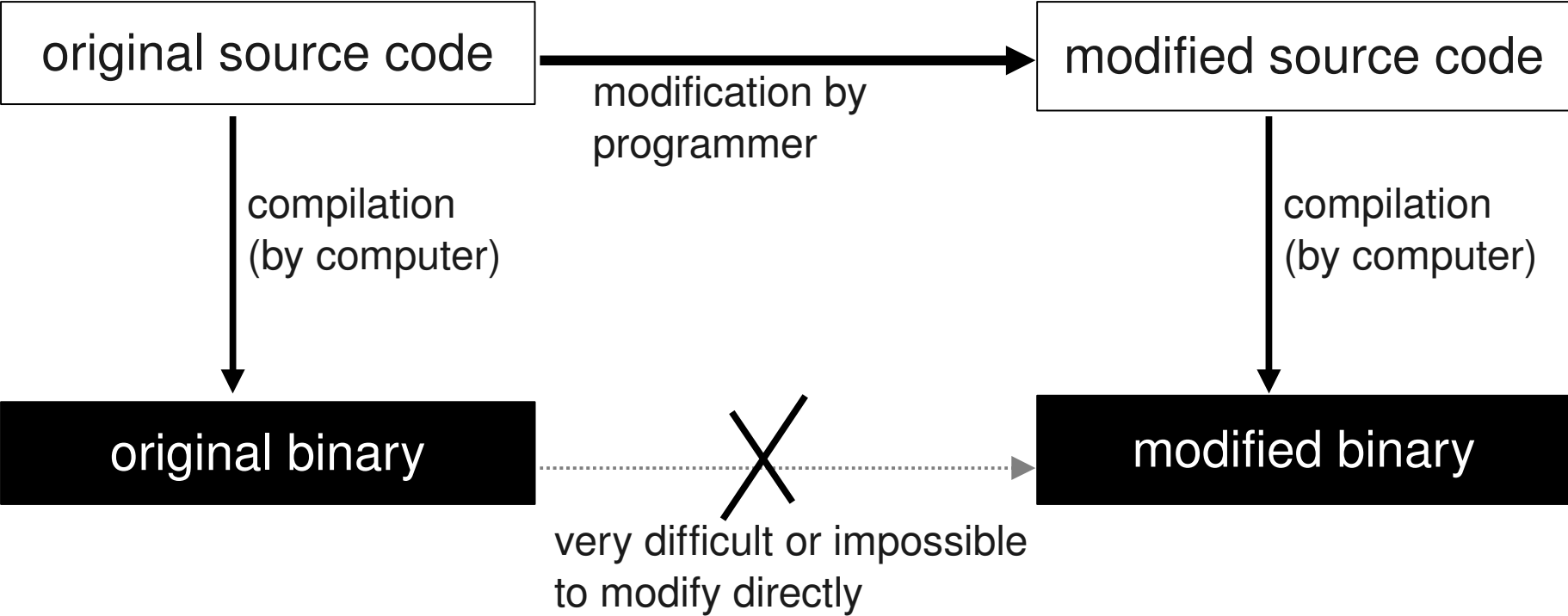
The license shall not restrict any party from selling or giving away the software as a component of an aggregate software distribution containing programs from several different sources. The license shall not require a royalty or other fee for such sale.

2. Source Code

The program must include source code, and must allow distribution in source code as well as compiled form.
[...]

```
35
36 /*
37 * Define kernel_config_data and kernel_config_data_size, which contains the
38 * wrapped and compressed configuration file. The file is first compressed
39 * with gzip and then bounded by two eight byte magic numbers to allow
40 * extraction from a binary kernel image:
41 *
42 *   IKCFG_ST
43 *   <image>
44 *   IKCFG_ED
45 */
46 #define MAGIC_START "IKCFG_ST"
47 #define MAGIC_END "IKCFG_ED"
48 #include "config_data.h"
49
50
51 #define MAGIC_SIZE (sizeof(MAGIC_START) - 1)
52 #define kernel_config_data_size \
53 (sizeof(kernel_config_data) - 1 - MAGIC_SIZE * 2)
54
55 #ifdef CONFIG_IKCONFIG_PROC
56
57 static ssize_t
58 ikconfig_read_current(struct file *file, char __user *buf,
59                      size_t len, loff_t * offset)
60 {
61     return simple_read_from_buffer(buf, len, offset,
62                                    kernel_config_data + MAGIC_SIZE,
63                                    kernel_config_data_size);
64 }
65 |
66 static const struct file_operations ikconfig_file_ops = {
67     .owner = THIS_MODULE,
68     .read = ikconfig_read_current,
69 };
70
```

source code



3. Derived Works

The license must allow modifications and derived works, and must allow them to be distributed under the same terms as the license of the original software.

So:

1. Free Redistribution
2. Source Code
3. Derived Works

+ another 7 clauses

“Free Software”

“The Open Source Definition”

vs.

“The Free Software Definition”

Why Do We Care?

Who uses this anyway?



Firefox® 3.6

Meet the world's best browser,
made just the way you like it. [Learn more.](#)



Download Firefox - Free

3.6.8 for Linux i686

English (US) (9.4MB)

[Release Notes](#) - [Other Systems and Languages](#)

What's Happening at Mozilla?

[The Firefox 4 Beta is Here!](#)

Help make the next version of the world's best browser.

Firefox for Mobile



The best Web browser has
gone mobile!

Thunderbird



Open Source

Home > Open Source

Introduction

Facebook has been developed from the ground up using open source software. Developers building with Platform scale their own applications using many of the same infrastructure technologies that power Facebook.

Want to learn more? Check out [Engineering at Facebook](#).

Platform

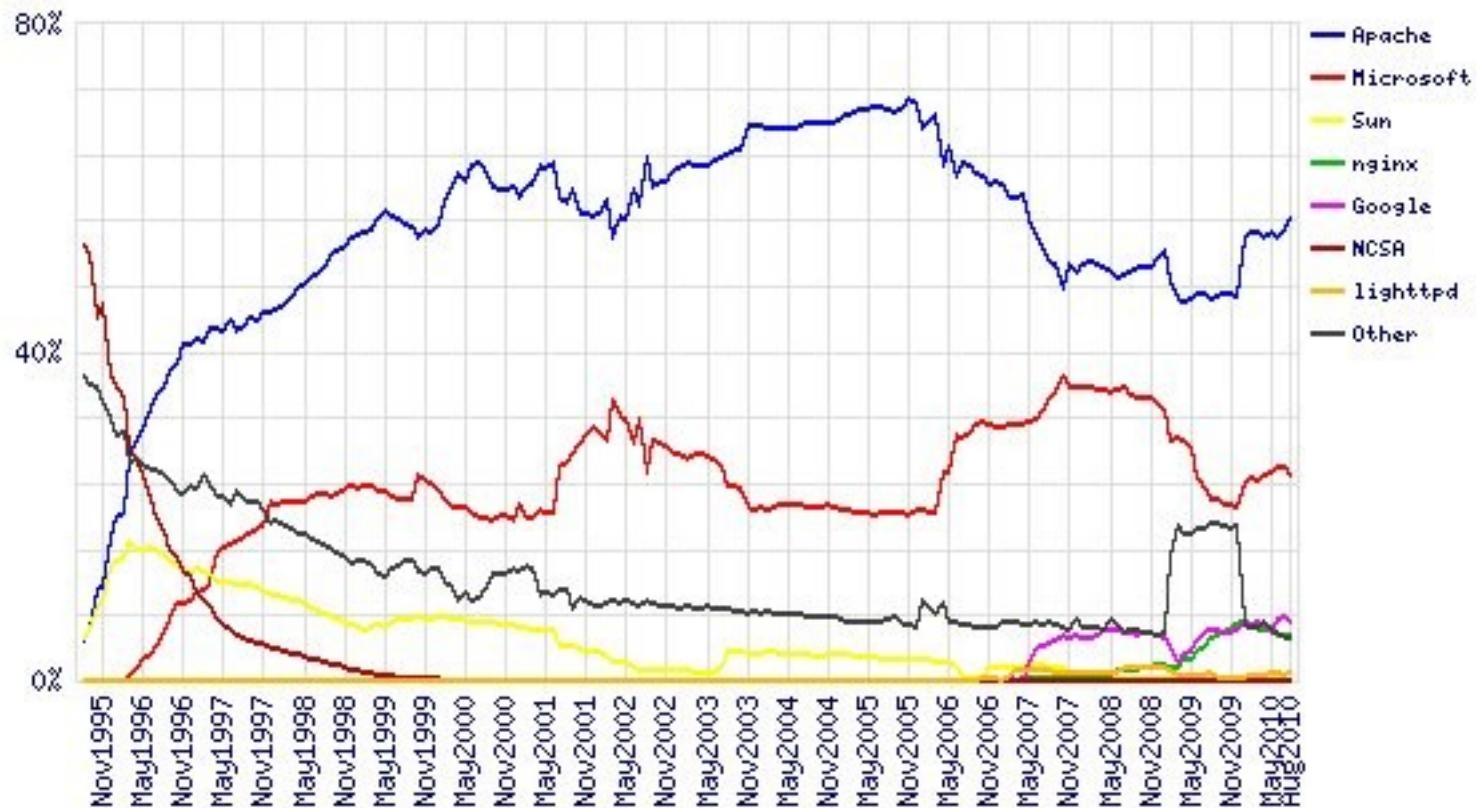
Developer to

“Facebook has been developed from the ground up using open source software. Developers building with Platform scale their own applications using many of the same infrastructure technologies that power Facebook.”

PHPEmbed makes embedding PHP truly simple for all of our developers (and indeed the world) we developed this PHPEmbed library which is just a more accessible and simplified API built on top of the PHP SAPI.

phpsh provides an interactive shell for PHP that features readline history, tab completion, and quick access to documentation. It is ironically written mostly in Python.

Three20 is an Objective-C library for iPhone developers which provides many UI elements and data helpers behind our iPhone application.



Market Share for Top Servers Across All Domains
 August 1995 - August 2010,
<http://news.netcraft.com/>



Netcraft Services

Sites on the Move

[Today's changes](#)

[Last week](#)

[Last Month](#)

Internet Exploration

[Netcraft Toolbar](#)

[What's that site running?](#)

[Search Web by Domain](#)

Internet Data Mining

[Hosting Provider Switching](#)

[Analysis](#)

[Hosting Provider Server Count](#)

[Hosting Reseller Survey](#)

[SSL Survey](#)

[Web Server Survey Archive](#)

Performance

[Hosting Providers' Network](#)

[Performance](#)

[Dedicated Server Monitoring](#)

Security

[Anti-Phishing Toolbar](#)

[Automated Security Testing](#)

[Dedicated Server Monitoring](#)

[Web Application Testing & Site](#)

[Audits](#)

[Security Services FAQ](#)

Hosting Providers sites ordered by failures 43 sites

Click on a column heading to sort by that column, click twice to reverse order. Click the site name to see graphs of site performance.

[FAQ](#)

Rank	Performance graph	Company site	OS	Outage hh:mm:ss	Failed Req%	DNS	Connect	First byte	Total	Kb/s	size(K)
1	www.nyi.net	New York Internet	FreeBSD		0.000	0.105	0.065	0.140	0.369	84	18
2	www.inetu.net	INetU	FreeBSD	0:00:00	0.006	0.107	0.082	0.193	0.534	80	21
3	www.datapipe.net	Datapipe	unknown	0:00:00	0.009	0.058	0.034	0.070	0.102	204	5
4	www.multacom.com	Multacom	FreeBSD	0:00:00	0.012	0.079	0.059	0.119	0.294	56	16
5	www.navisite.com	www.navisite.com	Windows Server 2003	0:00:00	0.012	0.146	0.079	0.235	0.508	96	33
6	www.iWeb8.com	iWeb Technologies	Linux	0:00:00	0.015	0.163	0.093	0.186	0.186	-	0
7	www.poundhost.com	www.poundhost.com	Linux	0:00:00	0.015	0.214	0.097	0.199	0.310	88	10
8	www.qubenet.net	www.qubenet.net	Linux	0:00:00	0.018	0.124	0.079	0.160	0.602	72	24
9	www.kattare.com	Kattare Internet Services	Linux	0:00:00	0.018	0.164	0.089	0.177	0.522	76	29
10	www.swishmail.com	Swishmail	FreeBSD	0:00:00	0.021	0.115	0.066	0.133	0.334	86	17
11	www.servint.net	ServInt	Linux	0:00:00	0.021	0.220	0.074	0.152	0.376	112	21
12	www.acens.com	www.acens.com	Linux	0:00:00	0.021	0.213	0.092	0.405	0.712	67	24
13	www.uk2.net	www.uk2.net	Linux	0:00:00	0.024	0.236	0.098	0.201	0.520	125	37
14	www.dinahosting.com	www.dinahosting.com	Linux	0:00:00	0.027	0.086	0.097	0.196	0.196	-	0
15	www.rackspot.com	www.rackspot.com	Linux	0:00:00	0.027	0.183	0.157	0.315	0.631	74	21
16	www.memset.com	www.memset.com	Linux	0:00:00	0.033	0.129	0.108	0.395	0.618	127	22
17	www.cwcs.co.uk	www.cwcs.co.uk	Linux	0:00:00	0.039	0.196	0.076	0.157	0.465	101	39

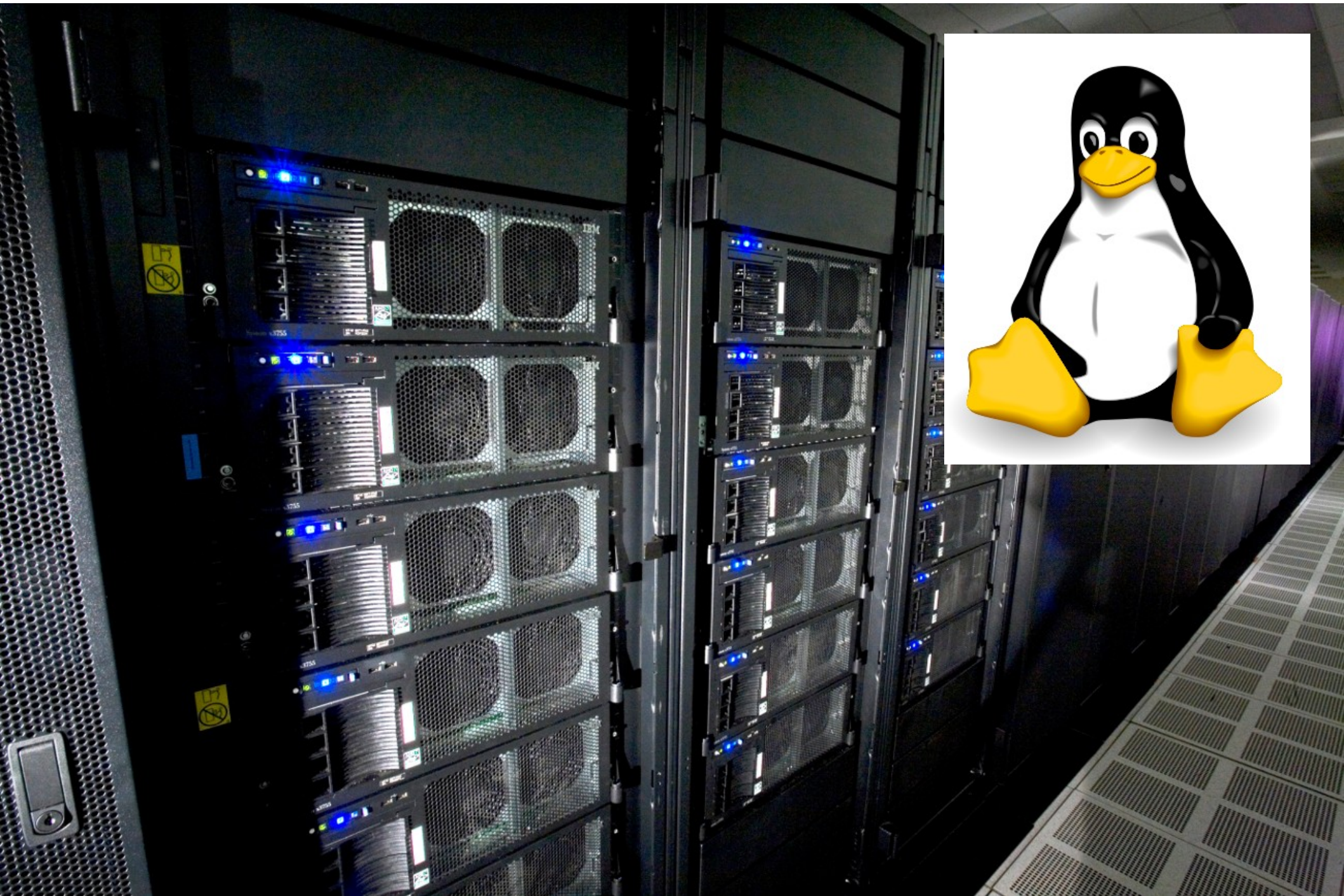


image source: http://www.lanl.gov/news/albums/computer/Roadrunner_1207.jpg

Who Much Did It
Cost to Produce It?

> \$10 billion

(McPherson et al. 2008)

HOW TO "READ" FM TUNER SPECIFICATIONS

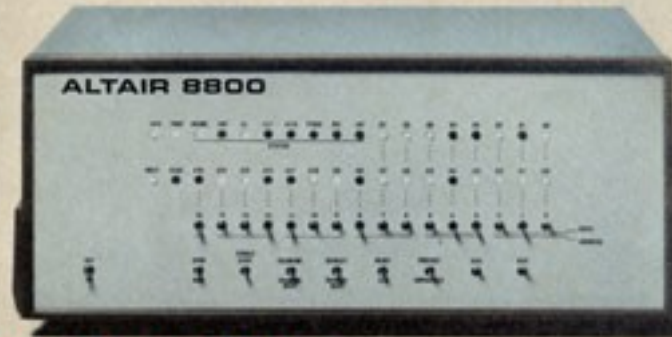
Popular Electronics

WORLD'S LARGEST-SELLING ELECTRONICS MAGAZINE JANUARY 1975/75¢

PROJECT BREAKTHROUGH!

World's First Minicomputer Kit to Rival Commercial Models...

"ALTAIR 8800" SAVE OVER \$1000



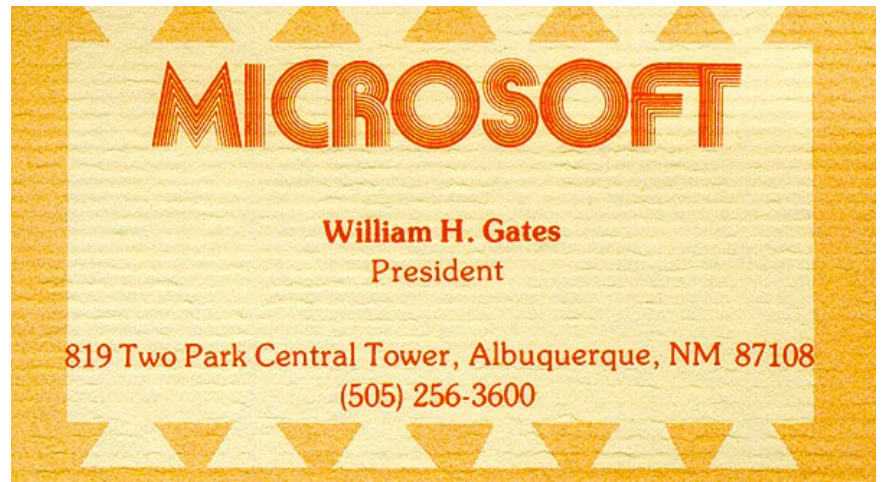
ALSO IN THIS ISSUE:

- An Under-\$90 Scientific Calculator Project
- CCD's—TV Camera Tube Successor?
- Thyristor-Controlled Photoflashers



TEST REPORTS:

Technics 200 Speaker System
Pioneer RT-1011 Open-Reel Recorder
Tram Diamond-40 CB AM Transceiver
Edmund Scientific "Kirlian" Photo Kit
Hewlett-Packard 5381 Frequency Counter



February 3, 1976

An Open Letter to Hobbyists

To me, the most critical thing in the hobby market right now is the lack of good software courses, books and software itself. Without good software and an owner who understands programming, a hobby computer is wasted. Will quality software be written for the hobby market?

Almost a year ago, Paul Allen and myself, expecting the hobby market to expand, hired Monte Davidoff and developed Altair BASIC. Though the initial work took only two months, the three of us have spent most of the last year documenting, improving and adding features to BASIC. Now we have 4K, 8K, EXTENDED, ROM and DISK BASIC. The value of the computer time we have used exceeds \$40,000.

The feedback we have gotten from the hundreds of people who say they are using BASIC has all been positive. Two surprising things are apparent, however. 1) Most of these "users" never bought BASIC (less than 10% of all Altair owners have bought BASIC), and 2) The amount of royalties we have received from sales to hobbyists makes the time spent of Altair BASIC worth less than \$2 an hour.

Why is this? As the majority of hobbyists must be aware, most of you steal your software. Hardware must be paid for, but software is something to share. Who cares if the people who worked on it get paid?

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Is this fair? One thing you don't do by stealing software is get back at MITS for some problem you may have had. MITS doesn't make money selling software. The royalty paid to us, the manual, the tape and the overhead make it a break-even operation. One thing you do do is prevent good software from being written. Who can afford to do professional work for nothing? What hobbyist can put 3-man years into programming, finding all bugs, documenting his product and distribute for free? The fact is, no one besides us has invested a lot of money in hobby software. We have written 6800 BASIC, and are writing 8080 APL and 6800 APL, but there is very little incentive to make this software available to hobbyists. Most directly, the thing you do is theft.

Why Would People
Work for Free?

Just for Fun

The Story of an Accidental
Revolutionary



"Entertaining ...
Insights into how the mind
of a creative developer works."
—*Newsweek*

LINUS TORVALDS

Creator of **LINUX**

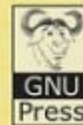
and DAVID DIAMOND

Free Software Free Society:

selected essays of

Richard M. Stallman

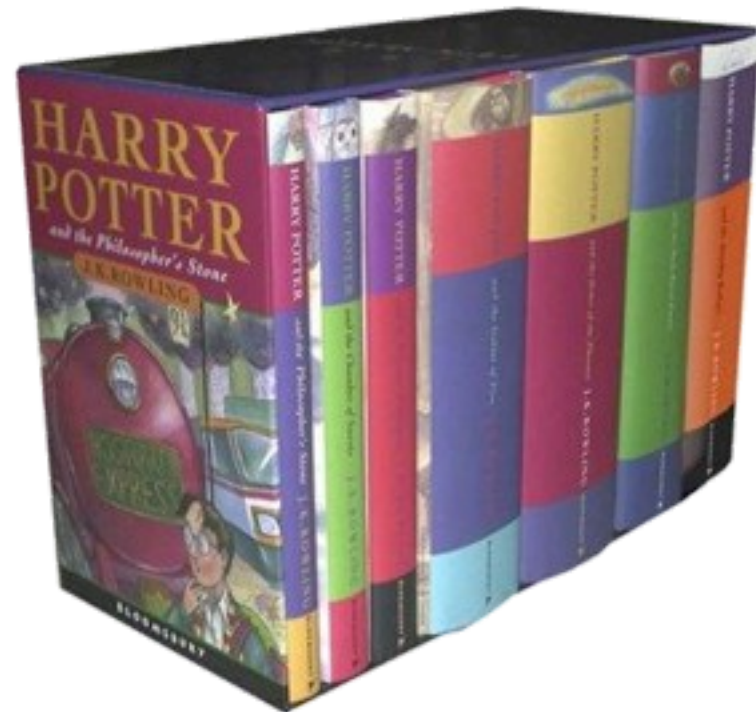
introduction by
**Lawrence
Lessig**



edited by
**Joshua
Gay**

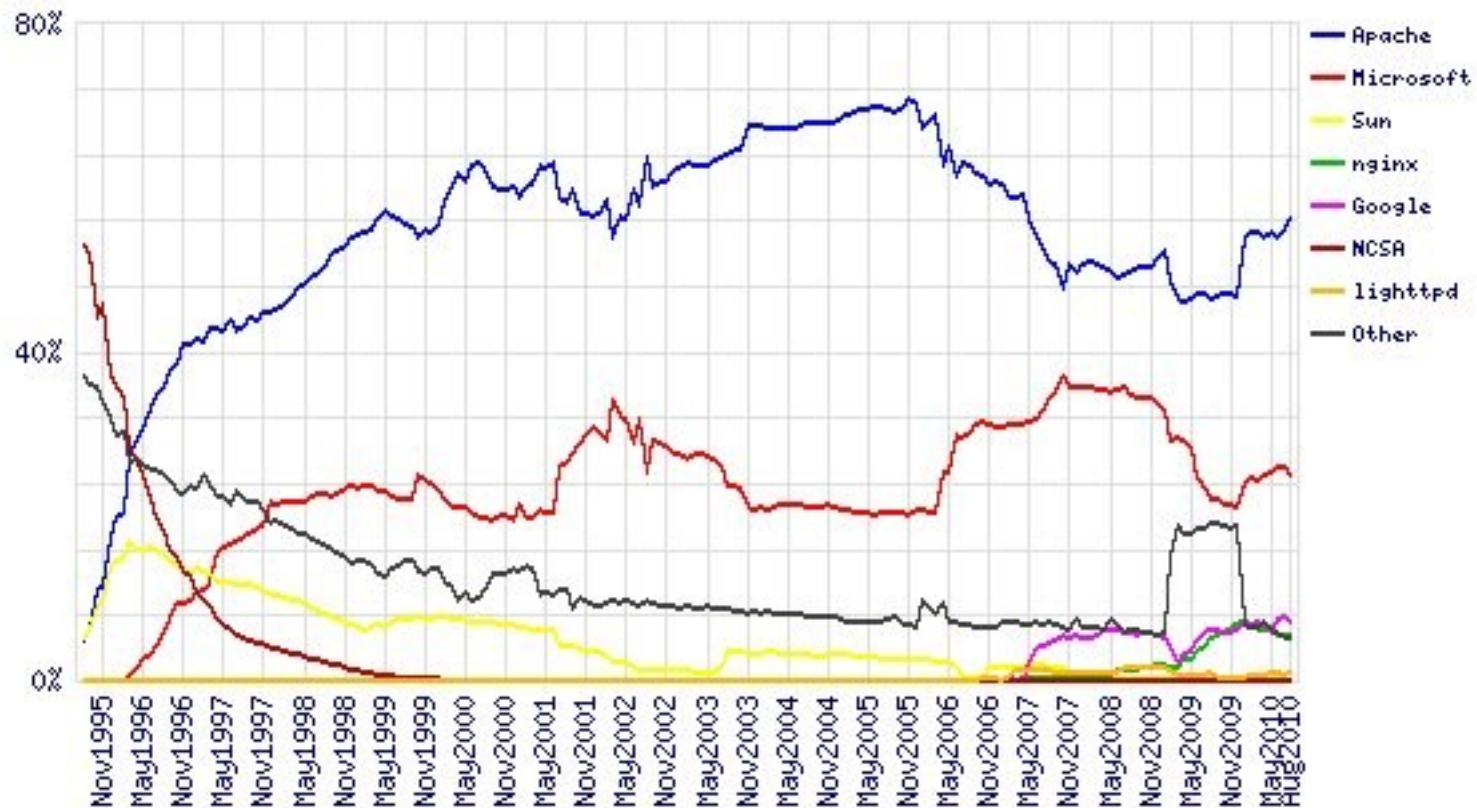
“I had a lot of fun.”

- an interview with J.K. Rowling



Company Name	Number of Changes	Percent of Total
None	13,850	21.1%
Red Hat	7,897	12.0%
IBM	4,150	6.3%
Novell	4,021	6.1%
Intel	3,923	6.0%
Unknown	2,765	4.2%
Oracle	2,003	3.1%
Consultant	1,480	2.3%
Parallels	1,142	1.7%
Fujitsu	1,007	1.5%
Academia	992	1.5%
Analog Devices	889	1.4%
Renesas Technology	884	1.3%
SGI	755	1.2%
Movial	738	1.1%
Sun	639	1.0%
HP	628	1.0%
Freescale	613	0.9%
Marvell	601	0.9%
MontaVista	574	0.9%
AMD	552	0.8%
Nokia	549	0.8%
Vyatta	513	0.8%
Google	512	0.8%
Atheros Communications	494	0.8%

How Can Open Source Compete?



Market Share for Top Servers Across All Domains
 August 1995 - August 2010,
<http://news.netcraft.com/>



image source: http://www.lanl.gov/news/albums/computer/Roadrunner_1207.jpg

How Does Anything
Get Done?

This Course

<http://bit.ly/cct490>

a shortcut for

<http://takhteyev.org/courses/10F/cct490/>

Lecture Schedule

Week 1 | September 8

An Introduction to Free and Open Source Software

Week 2 | September 15

Free and Open Source Software Today

Week 3 | September 22

Software and Culture

Week 4 | September 29
Economics of Innovation

Week 5 | October 6
Software as Intellectual Property

Week 6 | October 13
The Free Software Movement in the 1980s

Week 7 | October 20
The Rise of Linux

Week 8 | October 27
Producing Open Source Software

Week 9 | November 3

Economics of Open Source – 1

Week 10 | November 10

Economics of Open Source – 2

Week 11 | November 17

**The Contemporary Politics of Free and
Open Source Software**

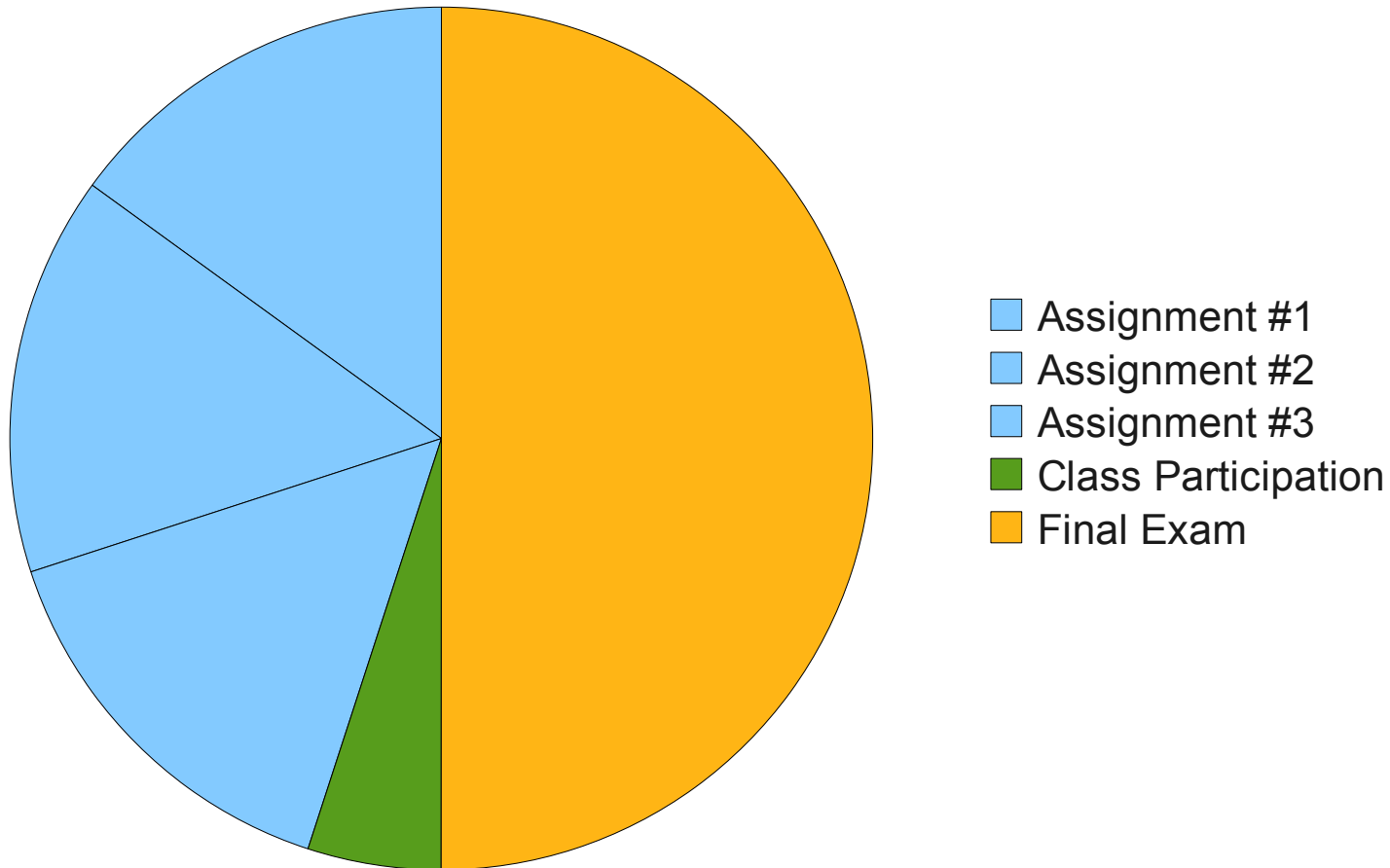
Week 12 | November 24

**Wikipedia, Creative Commons, Open
Science**

Readings

1. Get the course pack at Copy Center in South Building.
2. Some of the readings are on the internet.

Grading



Due Dates

September				October				November			
8	15	22	29	6	13	20	27	3	10	17	24

assignment 1 due

assignment 2 due

assignment 3 due

Contact Information

Office hours:

- Wed, 2-3pm, CC3018

Email:

- use UToronto mail
- "CCT490" in the subject line
- expect 2 day turn-around

Questions?